McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXI. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1884.

McKean County Miner

I. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via R. R. & B. R. R. leaves Smethport at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 2:45 p. m.

Mail via B. N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 1 p. m. and leaves at 2 p. m.

Clermont & Bolivar mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at 2:30 p. m.

Keating Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m. and departs at 2 p. m. of same days.

Mayburg (Indian Mill) and Lost Run (Eastbrook) between 1 p. m. and 2:30 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 10 to 10:30 a. m.

M. A. MCKNIGHT, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 300, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. D. GALLUP, W. M.

C. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 142, meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Sartwell Block.

HOMEDALE GOODYEAR, M. W.

J. C. GALLUP, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Phelps, G. A. R., meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Sartwell Block.

A. L. Hughes, Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Friday evening at Hatch's Hall.

M. W. GIBSON, N. G.

W. H. WETHERALL, Sec'y.

Church Directory.

METHODIST.—E. F. Hewens, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School half-an-hour after morning services. Class Meeting at 10 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teachers' Meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

EPISCOPAL.—T. H. Davis, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half past 7 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Communion on the Saturday before the third Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

ROMAN CATH.—S. Bonnie Mc Cabe, Rector. Services every Saturday at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Additional service every Sunday except the Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—J. F. Smith, pastor. Mass at 10 a. m. Sunday service at 11:00 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

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Asst. Supreme W. B. Armstrong.
Council, D. U. Young, Wm. Hamlin, A. E. Armstrong, Sherman Gordon, Ransom Beckwith, Wm. Ramey.
Constable, F. O. Wright.
Sword Bearer, John S. Stevens, H. L. McCoy, J. W. Brennan, J. C. Hackett, W. L. Keenan, D. C. Wilson.
Janitor, W. S. Smith, 2d Floor.
Trustees, John Forrest, T. F. Richmond, Fred Sweetland, C. Hamlin, A. D. Barbank.
Select Masters, S. Gordon.
Inspectors, S. Pattison, D. A. Chesebrough.
Treasurer, O. M. Smith.

Commercial Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

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Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; M. Zelley, Bradford.
Member of Congress—J. W. Scott, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly—David Stannard, Smethport.
District Attorney—E. McSweeney, Smethport.
Sheriff—A. L. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary, &c.—John B. Brown, Bradford.
County Treasurer—J. W. Brennan, Smethport.
Commissioners—Wm. P. Palmer, Duke Centre; P. S. Johnson, Bradford; A. A. Bolte, Smethport.
County Clerk—John B. Sheppard, Smethport.
Jury Commr.—D. F. Potter, Jr., W. Clarke.
Auditors—A. P. Brown, W. K. Washburn, A. A. Hovey.
Deputy Attorney—J. M. Crowley, Mount Jewett.
Coroner—R. A. Dampman, Bradford.
County Surveyor—John A. Evans.
Deputy General Supervisor—Edward M. O. Campbell.
Register Wills of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday in December.

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Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.
Auditor General—John A. Wilson.
State Treasurer—Silas M. Baily.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

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ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees

Will be in Smethport, Dec. 24, 1878.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate,
Philadelphia, Pa., July 25, 1878.

All persons who have by encroachment taken up or are living upon the unsold lands of the estate of which I am the agent, will please make immediate settlement with me at my office in Smethport, Pa., or the same will be put in suit. The lands of the estate, by many persons, for many purposes, will make much pasture or pleasant dwelling, and will be worth prosecution to the purpose.

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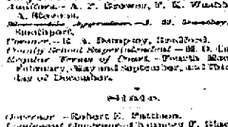
ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

F. C. PIERCE,



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Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 2617.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

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Fort Allegany, Pa.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Room D, 1st. Exchange,

BRADFORD, PA.

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BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

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AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES,

Office: Room D, Cor. Main & Webster Sts.

Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

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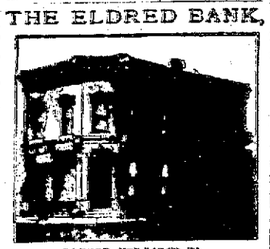

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Remodelled and refurnished, and one of the best Hotels in McKean County.

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Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. xvii1451

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First Class in every respect,

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Miscellaneous.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDEVANT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into the recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. Neat and cleanly attention guaranteed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

We employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all handmade by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT O'S SHOP and we will convince you that it can do better by you than any harness dealer.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

The Want of a Reliable Diuretic

Which, while acting as a stimulant of the kidneys, neither creates nor irritates them when long since exhausted by Malarious Complaints, Fever and Ague, and Kindred Diseases, are all remedied by it. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

SELECT POETRY.

THE WISDOM OF AGE.

"Wouldst thou have back thy life again?"
I asked an aged man;
"Couldst thou not wander ends attain,
And better life's whole plan?"

"No, no," he said, "I rest content,
And calmly wait the end.
One life alone to man is lent,
To waste or wisely spend.

"If with the knowledge years bestow
We started in the race,
All plans might meet with overthrow
And shame as with disgrace.

"No combination man can make
Insures complete success:
The lowly winner takes the prize
He won by random guess.

"I would not say chance rules below—
And nature shows design;
Late is not like the dire's throw,
Luck follows laws divine.

"Some men are born to grace a throne,
Some to a leper's dress;
Yet equal light for both hath shone
Their spirits to bless.

"My life has run through light and shade—
The call to clearing nears
I beg for rest all undeserved,
And ask not back one year."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE WEATHERBY "WAVE"

BY MRS. M. L. HAYES.

Ting-a-ling-a-ling, rang the door bell at Capt. Weatherby's.

The captain and his wife were sitting in front of the coal fire in the back parlor, waiting till it should be safe to leave, and seeing many queer things in the glowing ashes. The help they do not keep servants—had gone to bed, and the house was shut up for the night. No one was expected and it was too late for callers, so there was a mutual start of alarm on the part of the pair when the front door bell rang in that sudden way.

Ting-a-ling-a-ling-a-ling

It was really quite ghostly; Mrs. Weatherby said, "mercy on me, who is there, do you suppose?" and the captain replied "Like as not it's a telegram."

Then he went to the door. The wire of the indignant bell was still vibrating and the tongue itself had just stopped wagging, and yet when the captain opened the door not a soul was visible. The soft, light flakes of the last snow of the season drifted into his face, and fell cold and wet on his cheeks. Mrs. Weatherby was close behind him, and exclaimed:

"Mercy me! It was nobody."

"Not even the cat," said her husband. "Old Prim can do a sight of mischief, but she can't ring door-bells. It was some pesky boy, I suppose who thought he'd play smart and then run for it."

"What's that on the door step?" asked Mrs. Weatherby suddenly.

"It's a drift," said the captain. "I tell you what, Mary, there'll be a nor'easter to-night, nor'east by nor', with a wind that will make the sails rattle. It's gettin' up now," and he drew in his uncovered head, and was about to shut the hall door.

"There is something there, Silas," said his wife, "right on the top step. Looks like a bundle."

The captain peered out again.

"It's right you are, my hearty. Sure as you live it's a basket," and he touched it with his foot.

"Oh, it's the groceries for to-morrow; that careless boy forgot them. No wonder he ran away when he rang the bell. Fetch 'em in, Silas, and leave them in the back parlor to-night. Hannah will see them first thing in the morning."

"Better take them into the cabouse—I mean the kitchen," said the captain.

"No, it's locked up. Put 'em on the chair by the door. Ugh! I'm shiverin' with the cold air,' and the good woman sat down in front of the comfortable coals again.

"We've a heap to be thankful for, Mary," said the captain, thoughtfully.

"Yes, I s'pose so," sighed his wife; she was thinking just then of two little graves at Marblehead. They had been made nigh on to twenty years ago, and the vacancy in her heart and life had never been filled.

At that moment a queer little wailing cry rang through the room. The two started and looked at each other.

"Babies alive! What was it?" asked Mrs. Weatherby.

"It came out of that basket," said the captain; that fool of a boy has stowed a hand in the fo'castle—I mean a kittan,' and he stalked over to it and jerked off the cover.

By the great horn spoon!" he exclaimed as he jumped back about four feet; "it's a baby."

"Mercy me!" said his wife; "where did it come from?"

"From the skies, I should say; that's what the bell rang for. Well, I must say this is an imposition."

Mrs. Weatherby was looking curiously into the basket; all she saw was rags, two bright smiling eyes, and a little round head covered with dark hair—a wee bit baby, deserted and alone.

"I'll go for the police," said the captain, angrily, 'shiver my timbers if I'm going to have people starving their babies on my doorstep when there's places provided for them as are destitute. The police will make short work of it, Mary.'

"They won't kill it, will they?" asked Mrs. Weatherby in a horrified tone.

"Well, no, wife; that's against the law. But they'll take it where such waifs (he meant waifs) belong. If you ain't afraid to stay alone I'll run out on the next corner and fetch one.

When the captain returned with the policeman he had to stop and explain the exact spot where they found the basket, how the bell was rung, etc., and so it was a half hour or more before they got into the back parlor. There Mrs. Weatherby sat with the object rolled up in a table cloth, lying in her lap and basking contentedly in the rays of the fire.

"Here we are," said the captain, in a brisk tone. "Now Mr. Policeman, you can take the youngster off in the basket it came in, can't you?"

"It's a nice boy," said the policeman, looking down on the tiny head basking in the firelight.

"Girl," corrected Mrs. Weatherby. "I tell you what, Silas, I think I had better keep the baby till morning. It don't seem exactly Christian to let it go out in the cold to-night again."

"That'll suit me," said the policeman. It's a good bit from here to the Fond-lin's,' and it does seem at home, sir.'

"Very foolish, very foolish, Mary; but have your own way; only don't let me be disturbed with its crying, that's all,' said the captain, as he peeked over shyly and stole a look at the 'wave.'

The next morning at ten o'clock the policeman was on hand for that baby.

"Now isn't it too bad," said Mrs. Weatherby, "but the fact is it ain't ready,' and she clipped some money in the man's hand for his trouble. 'I'm going to look over some things I have put away,' said the poor little mother, 'and give it some decent clothes to wear. Would it be too much trouble to ask you to come for it this evening?'

"Certainly not, ma'am," said the officer. As he went out Captain Weatherby looked up from his paper and winked at him. The officer winked back and looked very knowingly at Mrs. Weatherby.

Such a running and rummaging as there was in that house all day! and by night the baby had quite an extensive wardrobe ready: dressed out in the little tucked and embroidered baby gown that had been brought out and done up for it, from the stock that once had belonged to those other babies who no longer needed them, it looked like a very different baby from that in the basket.

"It ain't such a bad looking 'wave' after all," said the captain, bending his honest red face over it and holding out a rough and rugged fore-finger, which the baby instantly grasped, and laughed and cooed over.

"Here's the policeman, mum, for the baby," said Hannah, ushering that functionary in.

"Oh," said Mrs. Weatherby, looking greatly disappointed, "I'm not half ready yet."

"But it's only the baby, mum, they wants. One of the fondlings died last night and this one is to have its place," said the man.

"I can't help it," said Mrs. Weatherby: "the child won't go till it's ready. Its clothes are not even packed up yet."

"You see," laughed the captain, "my wife, there will want a Saratoga trunk for that wave's clothes before she gets through with it. Say, Mr. Policeman, just as soon as it's ready I'll send for you to come after it."

"Just so, sir, answered the man; just so; I'll return to duty, and you can let me know when the misses is ready."

There was an amused twinkle in the captain's eye, when he saw how relieved his wife looked as the man took his departure.

All this happened a year ago. I was reminded of it by receiving the following card, which had been sent out generally by the good captain and his wife:

THE BABY.

Where did you come from, baby dear?
Out of the everywhere, into the here.
Where did you get your eyes so blue?
Out of the skies as I came through.
What makes your forehead soft and high?
A soft hand stroked it, as I went by.
What makes your cheek like a warm, white rose?
I saw something better than anyone knows.
Whence that three-cornered smile of bliss?
Three angels gave me at once a kiss.
Where did you get that coral ear?
God spoke, and it came out to hear.
Where did you get those arms and hands?
Love made itself into bonds and bands.
Whence came your feet, their little rings?
From the same box as the cherubs' wings.
How did they all first come to be you?
God thought about me, and so I grew.
But how did you come to us, you dear?
God thought about you, and so I am here.

Your presence is desired at the christening party of our adopted daughter.

BABY.

Wednesday afternoon, January 30, 1882.
Ceremony at 3.
CAPT. AND MRS. SILAS WEATHERBY.

If anyone expected a fashionable gathering, it was simply because they did not know their host and hostess very well. The great comfortable house was full of guests, but they were mostly people of the Weatherby stamp: good, plain, sensible souls who did not go through life junketing and dancing, so they carried into any occasion of enjoyment in which they participated an almost childish zest. And all the ladies purred over that blessed baby, and all the gentlemen button-holed the captain and made him tell the story over.

"Found it on the door step, you say; f-o-u-n-d it on the door step? How very remarkable."

"And in that very boat—basket, I mean—grounded as it were at my feet—the prettiest wave that ever struck the shoals for me—my eyes, sir."

It was hard to recognize the baby in its pink slip and coral ornaments, but harder to recognize the basket, for it was one mass of flowers and, tied with rose-pink ribbons, looked as gay as a peacock.

There was only one thing that came near marring the perfect enjoyment of the occasion. It was when the minister, a pale, slight intellectual-looking young man, stepped forward to begin the ceremony in which the 'wave' was to have a christian name, and Captain Weatherby called out:

"Ship ahoy!"

The good man stopped and looked perplexed.

"Stow the prayers, parson,' said the captain; 'short services on this ship, if you please.'

The minister smiled and the ceremony proceeded, and all the prayers and remarks of the occasion were condensed by the celebrant into a single quotation:

"When my father and mother forsake me then the Lord will take me up."

An article containing a dozen hints on how to take care of a broken going the seconds of the press, but there is not even one hint as to how to get the

He Got an Opinion.

While officer Pierce, of the city hall, was rubbing his back against the wall in the lower corridor yesterday a strange young man kept moving around and watching him so attentively that the officer finally asked if he wanted anything.

'Yes, I would like to talk to you,' was the reply.

'All right—what is it.'

'Will you give me an up and down honest answer to a question?'

'Why, of course I will.'

The young man shifted about uneasily, turned a shade and a half paler, and hesitated a full minute before he said:

'If you were walking along the street and a boy called for you to get off that tunnel, what would you say he meant to insinuate?'

'Why, he meant to insinuate that you were bow-legged.'

'And am I? Look me over and give me an honest opinion.'

'Stranger,' said the officer as he stood off and squinted at him, 'you are a bow-legged man, and don't you forget it.'

'In both legs?'

'Yes, and you've got it bad. I think it's the worse case I ever saw.'

'Now, as I free away from you and step off, do I look as though I was riding on a tunnel?'

'Exactly! If you had a seat on top of a big boiler the crook in your legs would hardly be worse.'

'How is my gait as I approach you?'

'Well, I should think you were walking on each side of a saw log. I am sorry to tell you these things, but you asked me for an honest opinion.'

'Certainly I did, and I am glad you have given it. I am 24 years old. For the last fourteen years I have had a suspicion that I was bow-legged, but never had manhood enough to settle the question. Every time I've been in the city for a year past the boys yelled at me to get off that tunnel, and I finally decided to settle the matter. I'm much obliged.'

'Oh, no thanks. Hope you don't feel bad over it.'

'Feel bad! Why, sir, it's a great burden off my mind. For a dozen years I've been walking sideways and cornerways to make myself believe that my legs were as straight as bean poles. I've wondered why I had to cover so much land to jump six feet. I've seen the gals winking at each other, and didn't know what was up. I've seen strangers halt when I was working alongside the road and gaze at me till I clubbed 'em off. I've wondered why I always landed sideways in a puddle when I tried to jump over it.'

'And now?'

'And now I'm perfectly satisfied. I'm a young man on a tunnel, and people can like it or lump it. The tunnel's going home—good bye.'

Fish Begin to Bite.

There were eight or ten men in a saloon near the Eastern Hay Market yesterday morning, when a dried-up little old man entered and edged his way up to the stove without saying a word to anybody. Those who gave him the second look wondered why the winter winds had not blown him into Hudson's Bay. In about ten minutes a second stranger entered, but he was broad-shouldered and fat and talkative, and he was scarcely inside before he called out:

'Well, now, but isn't it cold! Come, gents, what'll you take? Walk right up and nominate your candidate. I just won 85 betting on a man's weight and I can afford to treat.'

All walked to the bar and took something, and the stranger continued:

'I can generally hit a man's weight purty close—purty middling close. Drink hearty, gents.'

'How do you do it?' asked the little old man as he wiped off his chin.

'With my eye.'

'Well, some folks is awful smart, and some isn't. How much do you reckon I weigh?'

'Just as you stand?'

'Of course. I ain't going to peel off my duds to be weighed.'

The big man stood back and took a long look and replied:

'Feller-sinner, I reckon you'll pull down 145 pounds.'

The crowd laughed derisively, and one man said:

'If he weighs 145 I weight 200.'

'He'll do better,' mused the fat man. 'I say he'll pull down 147.'

'Bosh! He won't show over a 130.'

The fat man laid down a $5 bill, and it was covered in a York minute. Then the whole crowd walked down to the butcher's and the dried-up old man mounted the scales.

'Just 148 to a hair,' said the butcher.

There was wondering and wailing and cursing, but the weight was there and the stakes were passed over. Ten minutes after the dried-up man and fat man had left the place a boy came in and said:

'I was in the grocery down here when they were strapping thirty pounds of lead and iron on him, and I thought the were going to drown him.'

'Yes,' said a fashionable lady, 'I think Mary has made a very good match. I heard her husband was one of the shrewdest and most unprincipled lawyers in the profession, and, of course, he can afford to gratify her every wish.'

"Like Hot Cakes."

The above is an old-time expression, and is nearly as "old as the hills," but yet it is occasionally brought into good use, and placed in a position where it counts and aside great weight to the words accompanying it. This is true in the following testimonial sent to Dr. S. Hartman & Co. by Messrs. Parrett & Son, druggists, Plainfield, Ohio, who says: "Send us some more advertising matter. Your medicine is selling like hot cakes. Send us a good supply, for we need it badly."

Those men know when they handle a good thing. Judging from the above PARUNA must be in good demand in that country. Being composed purely of vegetable ingredients, druggists feel safe in recommending them to their friends. Send for the pamphlet on the "Tide of Life."

Shun Danger.

Rheumatism or neuralgia of the heart almost invariably results in the death of the patient, and thousands who are troubled with these diseases resort to their liniments or other application for relief, thus endangering their lives by changing the seat of disease or pain and forcing it to other and more sensitive and fatal portions of the system. It is impossible to cure these diseases while the acrid poison remains in the blood, and Rheumatic Syrup is the only remedy yet known that will dissolve and expel from the system all traces of uric acid, which is the sole cause of all rheumatic and neuralgic pains.

All obstructions of the kidneys and attendant organs prove fatal if not removed. The surest and best remedy to dissolve and expel these obstructions is Rheumatic Syrup.

Robert S. Armstrong, of Auburn, N. Y., writes that his wife had been a great sufferer from Rheumatism and Kidney disease for years and that the Rheumatic Syrup cured the pain in one week, and that she is now permanently cured by its use.

Perhaps He Will, Though.

'I am aware,' he began, as he looked across the street car at a farmer-looking man with a tear on his nose, and an old woman who kept snuffing and sniffing and wiping her chin with a blue mitten, 'that this is swearing-off day. Almost every feller, young and old, purty or homely, is swearing off. All but me; I won't swear on nothing!'

The farmer-man looked down at the hay on the floor as if figuring on the cost per ton, and the old lady coughed dismally.

'No, sir, I won't,' continued the man. 'I'm going to keep right on getting drunk and cheating and lying and stealing and gambling! I'll swear be meaner than last year! I'm going to chew twice as much plug tobacco, drink twice as much poor whisky, and if there is any way to secure a national reputation as a mean man I'll have it!'

The farmer-man now looked out of the window at the passing scenery while the old woman examined her hand-basket to see if her snuff-box was safe.

'I suppose you don't care how mean I am?' queried the man to the farmer man.

No reply.

'Say, Socrates, Captain Kidd, or whatever your cognomen is, do you hear me?'

The farmer turned around.

'I say I won't swear off! I'm the meanest man in Ohio, but I won't reform!'

'I don't care,' slowly replied the old granger.

'Then you don't hope I'll reform at all, eh?'

'No, sir!'

'Probably just as lief see me go to prison as to the legislature!'

'I would rather!'

So would I,' squeaked the old woman.

'Now, I'll be hanged if I bet anything on earth reform me!' exclaimed the excited man as he pulled off his gloves. 'I'll begin the New Year by licking you both.'

'Don't you fool with me!' warned the farmer.

'Nor I!' came from the old woman in the corner.

'Anybody who won't advise me to swear off has got to take a licking!' he said, as he made a pass at the granger's nose.

The next moment he was lying on the hay, a hand on his throat and his tongue protruding, the woman calmly observed:

'You know I've got a lame leg and can't mix in, but I hope you'll manage him!'

The farmer bumped him around, knocked his head on the floor, knelt carelessly on his ribs and walked on his collar, and when the driver came into the car they dragged the fellow to the door and rolled him off the platform.

'Say!' he called, just as the car started up.

'Well, say what?' asked the farmer, smilingly.

'Nothing to you, but I want to tell that old woman to look out if ever I meet her.'

'You do, eh!' she piped, as she stood in the door. 'Well, I've got a lame leg and had the liver complaint for ten years, but if you ever knock a chip off my shoulder I'll make you believe a yoke of oxen hit you!'—*Detroit Free Press.*

An Obstinate Wife.

The other night a policeman who was patolling High street east, heard a whistle blown followed by shouts for "police!" and after a run of a half a block he came to a halt in front of a house where a second story window was raised and a man had half his length over the sill.

'What's the row, here?' demanded the officer.

'Some parglars vhas in mein house!' was the answer.

'How do you know?'

'I hears 'em makes a noise more ash six dimes!'

'Where are they?'

'Down mit de kitchen!'

'Have you been down to look around yet?'

'No! no! I tells my vhife to go, but she won't stir! She shumps into bedt und covers oop her headt, und I vhas left to do all der fighting und to be killd! Dot ish der kind of a vhife she vhas!'

The officer investigated, to find that cats were responsible for the unnatural and alarming noise, and as he retired the householder was calling to his wife:

'Mary Ann, if you go down I shtand on der stairs mit a light und my shot-gun, und shoot eafery parglar like tunder!'

One of the ladies at Saratoga last season had a $400 dog, on which she placed a placed a pair of $2,000 earrings, a collar studded with emeralds and pearls worth $3,000, had a coat made for it at a cost of $250, and several suits of dog clothes trimmed with real gold lace. The New York *Journal* states that she is now offering a reasonable fortune for a mad stone.

Lessons in Arithmetic.

Galveston Last.

School marm (very slowly and distinctly)—'Bobby, suppose there are five pigeons on a tree, and a man shoots two of them; how many will there be left?'

Bobby (very promptly)—'Two, you two, ma'am.'

School marm—'Think again, Bobby. Five pigeons on a tree, and a man shoots two of them; how many are there left?'

Bobby (after a short mental review of the question, deliberately but positively)—'Two, ma'am.'

School marm—'Would there not be three, Bobby?'

Bobby (triumphantly)—'No, ma'am, the three would be flied away.'

George Washington Schrugge—'Cæsar, s'pose dere was six chickens in a coop, and somebody steal two of 'em. How many would dere be left?'

Julius Cæsar Wigglesworth (in a deep bass, as professed)—'What time ob day was dat?'

G. W.—'What dat's got to do wid 'em?'

J. C.—'Got a heap to do wid 'em, Cæsar, s'pose it's after dark, and you cum long dere, mary one of 'em would be left.'

At El Paso Mexican dollars are worth eighty-five cents in American coin. At Paso del Norte, just across the river, American dollars are worth eighty-five cents in Mexican coin. One morning a car driver started from the American side with a Mexican dollar. On his arrival at the Mexican town he took a drink of chain-lightning, which was fifteen cents, and received an American dollar in change for his Mexican. On his return to the American side he took a drink of equally bad liquor, and so repeating the drinks at intervals during the day, and at night he closed up business with the Mexican dollar he started with in the morning.

THERE is a pleasing tale illustrative of Western manners and customs concerning a Wisconsin girl who attended a picnic and wandered some distance into the woods with the possible expectation that some one would follow her. While she was seated on a log, wondering if he would never come a grizzly bear stole up behind her, and, bracing his hind feet against the log, hugged her with all his might. Dreamily closing her eyes, the girl murmured: 'Is that you, Charles? Clasp me closer, dear,' whereupon the humiliated bear went back to the forest "all broke up."

A STOUT-able-bodied lady was aroused the other night by a noise in the hallway, and on going down stairs she discovered a man fumbling around in the dark. The lady immediately confronted him with the severity of outrage and ejected him from the house in quite a number of seconds less than no time at all, and slammed the door after him. As the man tumbled down the steps on to the sidewalk he was gobbled by a policeman and promptly marched off to the cooler. The next morning several of her friends called and congratulated her upon the heroism displayed in throwing a full-grown burglar out of the house. "Gracious!" exclaimed the lady, growing pale and agitated, 'was that a burglar?' 'Why, certainly; didn't you know it?' 'Know it! Heavens, no! I thought it was only my husband home again late from the lodge, for I wouldn't have done what I did for the world.'

THE Henderson (Ky.) *Times* longs for the time when every man will tell the truth because it is right, be honest because it is right, and live sober because it is right. Hope deferred will probably make this Journal's heart sick.

The Highest Education.

There is a great deal that is wrong in our modern method of education. It teaches a man to be a gentleman, but yet does not give him the power of making a living. It stuffs him with facts and meaningless words, phrases and theories, but does not enable him to think for himself and become a man in the highest and best sense. His education is too general and not practical enough. All classes should be taught that PERUNA—the great remedy compounded by Dr. Hartman—is the very thing he needs for the restoration of his health and the toning up of the party. Being composed of pure vegetable substances and containing no poisonous minerals, it is just the thing for all classes of people and all should learn at once that it is to their interest to inquire into the merits of this medicine, for therein lies the highest education. Ask your druggist for PERUNA.

"THE THIRD HOUSE."

Its Good and Bad Members—The Remarkable Experiences of a Close Observer of the Workings During a Long Residence at Washington.

(Cor. Rochester Democrat.)

No city upon the American continent has a larger floating population than Washington. It is estimated that during the sessions of congress twenty-five thousand people, whose homes are in various parts of this and other countries, make this city their place of residence. Some come here, attracted by the advantages the city offers for making the acquaintance of public men; others have various claims which they wish to present, while the great majority gather here, as the crows flock to the carrion, for the sole purpose of getting a morsel at the public crib. The latter class, as a general thing, originate the many schemes which terminate in vicious bills, all of which are either directed at the public treasury, or toward that revenue which the black-mailing of corporations or private enterprises may bring.

While walking down Pennsylvania avenue the other day I met Mr. William M. Ashley, formerly of your city, whose long residence here has made him unusually well acquainted with the operations of the lobby.

Having made my wants in this particular direction known, in answer to an interrogative, Mr. Ashley said:

"Yes, during my residence here I have become well acquainted with the workings of the 'Third House,' as it is termed, and could tell you of numerous jobs, which, like the 'Heathen Chinee,' are peculiar."

"You do not regard the lobby, as a body, vicious, do you?"

"Not necessarily so, there are good and bad men comprising that body; yet

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editors:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,

T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York.

Kidney-Wort is

McKean County Miner

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Job Printing of every description, plain and fancy, done in the best style and at reasonable rates.
All communications should be addressed to
E. BONNICE,
Proprietor.

Office in Exchange Block, Main street, between Corydon and Hutchings Block.

Smethport, Pa., March 21, 1884.

CALL FOR THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The Republican State Conventions will be held in Harrisburg, on Wednesday, April 30th, 1884, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of selecting Delegates-at-large to the National Republican Convention, nominating Presidential Electors-at-large, and one Candidate for Congressman-at-Large, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary.

The election of county organizations as called for the outbreaking, adopted at the last meeting of the State Committee:

Resolved, That the State Convention to be held at Harrisburg, April 30, 1884, for the purpose of selecting Delegates-at-large to the National Republican Convention, nominating Presidential Electors-at-large, and other candidates for Congressman-at-large, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary:

That the election of county organizations as called for the outbreaking, adopted at the last meeting of the State Committee:

Resolved, That the State Convention to be held at Harrisburg, April 30, 1884, for the purpose of selecting Delegates-at-large to the National Republican Convention, nominating Presidential Electors-at-large, and other candidates for Congressman-at-large, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary, be organized by the election of a Chairman and Secretaries, and that the basis of representation in said Convention be one delegate for each 1,000 votes cast for Hon. James A. Beaver for Governor in 1882, and one additional delegate for a fraction of 500 votes and upwards, and that the Chairman of the several County Committees be required to preside over the election of delegates to the State Convention, and certify the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the rule adopted by the National Committee.

The following are the rules adopted by the National Committee:

"The Republican National Convention of 1884 shall consist of two delegates-at-large from each State and Territory, and two delegates for each Congressional district, to be elected by the Republicans thereof; but no delegate shall be chosen by separate delegate State Conventions, called to meet less than twenty days prior to the time fixed and from that thereof for the meeting of the National Convention.

"The Republican Committee of the various Congressional districts shall have the option of electing their delegates at separate popular delegate conventions, called on similar notice, and held on the Tuesday or at any time prior to the Saturday next preceding the meeting of the State Convention, or by such delegates shall be chosen in the manner and at the time provided in the rules and usages of the State Conventions. All district delegates to be accredited by the officers of such district conventions.

"Proxy delegates shall be allowed from each contiguous and from the District of Columbia, under such distinctive designation.

"Provision of contests shall be given to the National Committee, which, accompanied by full statements of the grounds of contest, which statements of the grounds of contest, which shall also be made public, and precipitated the case notice of hearing by the Committee, which shall be given, by the Committee, according to the dates of the reception of such notices and statements by the National Committee.

CHESTER A. CAMPBELL, Chairman.

The Republican state convention at their meeting in New York city on the 14th of March, recommended that the delegation from New York to the republican national convention, be elected by conventions held in and for the respective congressional districts. This resolution was unanimously adopted, although a majority of the committee who favored the nomination of President Arthur, knew that a large majority of the delegates so elected would not vote for his nomination. They did not propose to ignore the rules of the national committee even though their candidate suffered on account of them.

A characteristic and truthful though sentimental report of the republican convention was sent the Philadelphia *Press* by its accredited correspondent there, and for some reason it was suppressed, whether by the editor or some political wheel-horse on the paper was not known, but a very brief, badly garbled and not wholly truthful alleged "special dispatch." Among other things it stated that representative delegates to Harrisburg "be classed as a Blaine man." The truth is, on the contrary, that the delegates to Harrisburg is openly and unequivocally in favor of Arthur. He is not a mere who conceals his opinions, and they were well known by the members of the convention and everybody else, unless the author of the *Press'* special dispatch may be an exception.

The most logical pages will be found in full report of the proceedings of the republican convention held on Tuesday. In the main the work of the convention was well done and will, we think, prove satisfactory to the party in the county. The republicans voters of McKean have not been stirred up by the advocation of any one or more candidates for the presidential nomination to the extent of talking off their election this early in the campaign, before the snow is off the ground. There has been no perceptible "boom" on yet. We may be singular in this respect, and hooted upon by our neighbors as a little silly. But the fourteen days of the oil market a half a cent or so a day, furnishes much a thing of interest and excitement to a large majority of our people that the fourteen days of politicians becomes of second importance. Then there are so many good men in the field we have faith that the national convention cannot go far wrong in selecting either of them. The convention assembled as a fact, and no attempt by combination, that if a vote were taken the majority of the republican voters would indicate a preference for Blaine as their standard bearer. In this they are undoubtedly correct. Not they selected as the delegate to Harrisburg a gentleman whose personal preferences are known to be in favor of Arthur. They selected him and because he was a Arthur man but because he was a republican, faithful and honest, worthy of the honor, and to be trusted to act for the best interest of the party. The gentleman recommended as non-political delegate is a reliable republican, who was present at the birth of the party, and has been foremost in its battles. He is "for the man who can carry Ohio," which is an exceedingly sensible platform. The delegates to the district conventions are representatives of the best elements of the party, men of good judgement and good heads. They may be called upon to make no mistakes. They were selected without reference to possible preferences for delegates to Chicago, and are forth understood by pledges or instructions, from to act as in their judgement best for the party. The conventions sensibly decided it unwise to load upon any of the delegates the embarrassments of instructions. They are from to vote their own choice and the knowledge they have of the qualifications of their constituents, and will be [illegible] by the men they reside of them.

VIRGINIA'S STRAIGHTOUTS.

If there is anything of political freebooters in the United States, it is a very insignificant crowd in the State of Virginia who now lead by a man by the name of Bernardoni, and who style themselves the "straightforward republicans." It is conservatively believed in the north that their organization is kept up for the sole purpose of assisting the Bourbon democracy in retaining the grip in that state. Even if all the republicans of the state were united and working in perfect harmony it is nonsense to suppose that they could carry the state against the solid state democracy. There is not an intelligent man in the country who does not know better. But the truth is nine tenths of the republicans of Virginia are working in harmony with the readjusters and there is no reason why they should not. There is now no controversy on the debt question, and the readjusters' platform is protection, free speech, free schools, free ballot, and the right to vote that ballot without fear or intimidations from any quarter. Is not this a good republicans platform? There what objections can there be in working with men who are earnestly striving to secure the success of these principles? Their affectionism was called to this unhappy name three years by meeting a delegation from Richmond, announcing that a straightforward state convention had been called by Bernardoni and his gang, to meet in that city on the 30th of April next, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the national republican convention. What candidates will receive its electoral vote, whenever he may be, but if James G. Blaine should be the candidate his majority would be 10,000 greater than any other candidate who could be named. From the present out look we are inclined to believe that the ticket of Blaine for president and Lincoln for vice president would secure the electoral vote of every solid free state. The ticket of Edmunds for president and Lincoln for vice president would not create as much enthusiasm but would be as certain of success. Gen Sherman as the candidate for president and Gen. Beaver, of this state, or Gen. Hawley, of Connecticut, for vice president, would make a ticket which would create more enthusiasm throughout the entire country than any other which it is possible to name. It would settle the question of the October elections in Ohio beyond peradventure. With this ticket in the field the democrats would relinquish up the sponge," so far as any expectation of carrying Ohio in October is concerned. In this connection we copy an article which recently appeared in the Philadelphia *Press*, showing the supreme importance of carrying the October elections in Ohio:

The republicans of the country appreciate the national convention in an excellent temper and under the best conditions. There is no angry struggle of candidates to leave the seeds of bitterness and discord. There will be no scenes of strife and no sores to heal. Men have their personal preferences, but they are engaging in no acrimonious contests. The general disposition is to find out what is the best thing to do, and then do it.

In this tregency there are two or three questions which serve as clear pointers. What candidate will sweep Ohio with the largest republican majority in October? What candidate will make sure of carrying New York in November? These are the vital conditions of success. Commanding strength in Ohio and fourty accomplishing in New York are the practical tests by which the candidates should be tried, and no name which does not meet these requirements, however otherwise illustrious and satisfactory in other respects, should be seriously considered.

The key of the political situation lies in these two states of Ohio and New York. To carry Ohio is especially of supreme importance. The republicans might possibly win the presidency without New York, as they have done before; but they cannot succeed without Ohio. Ohio is the corner pillar for every republican calculation. Its verdict in October will be accepted as decisive of the battle to follow in November. The democracy might, indeed, stand a bare chance of winning without Ohio; but every intelligent person knows that a republican disaster there in October would presage republican defeat in the nation.

Under these circumstances the republican campaign must be planned as to put Ohio beyond doubt. Over adventurous must build that attended at all hazards. We must have a candidate for president who will carry Ohio without question; and the strongest there the better, for the bigger the majority in October the surer the result in November.

If he is also a leader who arouses no old resentments and creates no divisions in New York, so much the clearer his pathway.

What republican statesman will fulfill these conditions? He is the man that republicans must look for.

HON. JOHN PATTON, of Curwensville, Clearfield county, formerly represented the old "will-cat" district, of which this county was one of the eight, in congress. He made no pretensions as an orator, but his constituents discovered before the end of his term that he was about as level-headed and practical a man as had ever represented the district, which then extended from the Susquehanna river to the shores of Lake Erie. He has recently exemplified his ideas of true philanthropy by carrying out the principle of the old adage, that "charity begins at home." On the 20th of February last he addressed a letter to the school board of his borough enclosing a draft for $10,000 to be used in the erection of a new school building. In his letter he says: "I have with the most, if not all, of you, felt the want of school advantages in my youth. Now let us hope for better advantages for those who have to follow, and do what we can to provide for them."

EX-GOVERNOR JOHN L. ROUTT, of Colorado, who stood as one of the Zamora "306" in the Chicago convention, has adopted that historic number as his cattle brand, much to the disgust of his short-horns.

SENATOR WADE HAMPTON, of South Carolina, makes a very sensible suggestion for the consideration of the democratic national convention, and one that we think could be adopted with profit by the republicans. He proposes that a caucus of the delegates of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana and California, should be allowed to say what man would be most likely to carry the greatest number of them for the democracy, and that the convention would do well to take that man as its candidate for president wherever he may come from.

THE Wellsboro *Agitator* has a correspondent out in Atchison, Kansas, who now and then sends that paper in readable letter, but occasionally he shamefully neglects on which he is not as thoroughly posted as he should be, particularly if he was a former resident of Tioga county. In his letter of the 15th of February he enumerates the United States mint state officials who are residents of the city of Atchison, and then throws out this chunk: "If there is another city in the United States so good a showing, let the fact be published." The closes his letter with the following: "In fact, the city has cause to be the recognized political as well as business center of Kansas." Any county of the papers of the state refer to Atchison as "Hogtown."

It would look to these living outside of Kansas that the papers of the state had succeeded in finding a very appropriate name for the "political as well as business center of Kansas." But what surprises us is that brother Harrison should pay no attention to the chief fringe of his correspondent. He certainly knows of a borough in Pennsylvania of two or three thousand inhabitants, which can "lay over" Atchison on the number of U. S. and state officials among its citizens. And we will bet a big Saskatoon apple that the last cough from Atchison city on the amount of cash received from the treasuries of the United States and state by its respective citizens. Come Harrison, don't be bluffed.

JOHN M. WEISS, Esq., chairman of the Dauphin county republican committee, has called a country convention to meet in Harrisburg on Tuesday, April 8th, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the state convention and for choosing three persons to meet in conference with a like number from Lebanon and Northumberland counties, to select delegates to represent the 14th district in the national republican conventions. We call especial attention to this fact because Dauphin county is the home of the Cameron's and Mr. Weiss is a close personal friend of the senator. It shows conclusively that the senator's friends have no desire to violate the spirit as well as letter of the rules adopted by the national committee, giving the districts the prior right to name the delegates to the national convention. In referring to the call for the county convention the Harrisburg *Telegraph* makes the following pertinent suggestion:

And just here it is timely to call the attention of republican voters through out the state to the fact that the rule adopted by the state committee in the rules of the national committee entirely favors the election of delegates to the national conventions, and only gives the affirmative of the selection of said delegates by the state convention where there has been a failure to elect by district conventions. The duty of every district should move now, if they are not satisfied to leave the selection of their district delegates to the state convention. Now is the opportunity to prevent any one's fixed district conventions. If this is not done, after the warnings so persistently given, those districts are represented by delegates selected by the state convention should not complain.

Now it is becoming chief to "button-holing." Chairman Brown of that county is re-elected in his mind about the district convention, and to solve the question has decided that we won't hold any but will select delegates to Chicago by a subdivision of the state convention composed of the county delegates from the district. The beauty of this plan in his opinion is that then Lycoming will have three votes to one from each of the other counties, excepting Tioga which will have two. To obtain some authoritative sanction of his ultimatum he wrote to the editor of the Philadelphia *Press* for his opinion as to what he thought fair and best in this matter. Charles Emory Smith knew enough to decline sitting as judge or umpire in the case. It is to be regretted that Lycoming republicans through their chairman, should be placed in this position, inasmuch as four of the counties of the district have agreed to the plan of a convention of three delegates from each county. The Tioga *Agitator* answers Mr. Brown's letter fully, closing with the following, which we cordially endorse:

If this is Lycoming's ultimatum it is useless to expect any action from that quarter favoring a fusal convention, for it is not probable that any other county in the district will accede to Mr. Brown's extravagant demand. But such a convention is much to be desired, and certainly the republicans of this county have never dreamed of standing in the way of it. No Tioga republican, so far as we know, has laid down any ultimatum in this matter. They recognize the fact that as at present constituted the district convention is made up of three delegates from each county, and that it must meet under that rule if at all. * * * In fact, they don't understand what there is to prevent the holding of a district convention, unless it is Mr. Brown's ultimatum. And even that need not block the way, for if any three counties of the district will join Tioga in calling the convention it can be held, whether Lycoming comes in or stays out.

THE Elmira *Telegram* of last Sunday published brief interviews with all the republican members of the legislature of New York regarding their views as to the best man to nominate for president. Thirteen declared for Blaine, thirty-two for Edmunds, six for Gen. Sherman, fourteen for Arthur, one for Lincoln, one for John Sherman, one for Cornell, two for Harrison, one for John O'Brien, and eighteen non-committal.

IT is authoritatively announced that the Lycoming republican managers will insist upon the delegates from this district to the national convention being chosen at Harrisburg at the meeting of the State convention. This is in direct opposition to the wishes of nine-tenths of the republicans of the district. It is idle to say that this course has been decided upon in order to save the expense of a district convention. The republican counties of this district will cordially agree to hold the conventions in Williamsport thereby relieving the Lycoming republicans from their share of the expense. We want the delegates from this district chosen away from the influences and manipulations of a state convention, and who will represent at Chicago the true sentiment of their constituents.

JOSEPH W. COCHRAN, Esq., of Emporium, was a candidate for delegate to the national convention of 1880, and was defeated by the caucus representing the delegates from this congressional district in the state convention for that position. On the question he was outspoken, and that was several opposition to third-termism. When the list of delegates were made up by the convention's committee of thirteen, another name had been substituted for that of Mr. Cochran. It is no comment of this substituting business that we insist that no state convention shall have anything to say about our delegates this year. Mr. Cochran is one of the foremost men of Cameron county, and he is deserving of any recognition the republicans of this district can bestow upon him.

A DENIED BOARD FOR MORRISON.

A special election for a member of congress was held in the second district of Kansas on Saturday, to fill the vacancy made by the death of Buckner C. Blasdell. The occasion was deemed opportune to start the free trade revolution that Carlisle, Morrison and Watterson have dreamed of, in the republican strongholds of the west. Mr. Hines, an able stumper and an avowed free trader, was nominated by the democrats and was supported by a few republicans who had the free trade fever, but Edward H. Funston, the republican candidate, and an avowed tariff man, was elected by a large majority.

This was the first skirmish of the free traders to break the republican lines in the agricultural states of the west, and it is a disastrous failure. If Kansas, the state believed to be most strongly inclined to free trade of all the republican states, rejects the issue at a special election, when there was no national or state contest to draw party lines, and no party necessities to force the election of a republican congressman, what can the free trade democratic leaders hope from the republican west in the front of a nation of battle?

The special election in Kansas is a danger board for Morrison that should call a halt in his insane tariff tinkering. He has now no more hope of carrying any tariff bill he supports than he can have of opening a custom house in the moon, and his babble about revolutionizing the republican agricultural regions of the west on the free trade issue, must now cause if he would hope to command any respect as a political leader.

The farmers of the west are intelligent, and that is fatal to Morrison's free trade vagaries. They remember that under the anti-protective tariff of 1846, they sold wheat at fifty cents and pork at a cent and a half, and that under the anti-protective tariff of 1857 they burned their corn as fuel for want of a market, and that they are not inclined to repeat those chapters of history. They now see ninety-three per cent of their grain consumed at home by our diversified industries, and they prefer home markets with well paid and well-paying consumers, to the uncertainty of a foreign market that draws upon their granaries only when labor is on the verge of starvation. The Kansas election finger-board is a very plain one, and if Morrison does not read it aright, it must be because Morrison reads everything of importance upside down.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Southern Terrorism.

The north has always been severely criticised for interesting itself in the political affairs of the south, but the revelations before the investigating committees as to the Danville massacre and the Copiah county outrages show that something must be done to protect political rights at the south. It is a mistake to suppose that self-respecting journals at the north find pleasure in waving the bloody shirt. It is distasteful and disgusting. But why should the south make it necessary? Why does it not put away all occasion for criticism by granting political rights, regardless of color? The north really prefers that the south should be quiet, peaceful and prosperous. It takes pleasure in the reported manufacturing prosperity of Georgia and parts of a few other southern states. It does not object to the south being democratic, if it is honestly so. But it does object to barbarous misrule, especially when it deprives a large portion of the population of rights; and this has evidently occurred.

And the worst feature of the affair has been the unblushing testimony of respectable witnesses that the sentiment at the south is that the blacks are not entitled to political rights, and that violence and murder are justifiable in depriving them of such rights. There has been considerable testimony of this sort before Senator Hoar's committee. It is this that is alarming. It is surprising that there should not be more of influence at the south capable of instilling broader and wiser views. To keep the negro ignorant and then withhold rights he is ignorant, is suicidal to the south. It injures it more than the north. But it injures the whole country. Hence we hope a better situation of affairs may be speedily brought about.—*Philadelphia Evening Call.*

British Free Trade vs. Fair Trade.

Report by U.S. Consul Shaw, Manchester, Eng.

I called attention in a former report to what I believed then was threatened, viz, a sentiment growing up here in favor of so-called fair trade versus free trade. I still look for a revival of this not improbable phase of public sentiment in this country. I am well aware that this view will be regarded as extremely foolish by free traders in general, but it is often the unexpected that happens in the public life of persons and countries, as well as of policies, and it may be found in the not very distant future that this fair trade sentiment will gather force enough to change the present overwhelming free trade views of the people of England. Facts are stubborn things, and theories are easily made to meet every phase of commercial affairs. The multitude cheer a delusion as loudly as they will a principle, when misled by appearances. Many things favored the establishment of free trade in England in Cobden's day, and peculiarly exceptional conditions have arisen from time to time since to foster the industries so favored by wars and foreign policies through many years. During the past decade, however, a change has come over the situation. Vast volumes of manufactures of all kinds have been turned out here, but the profits have confessedly been very unsatisfactory. Every expedient has been tried by manufacturers to cheapen the cost of production so as to insure a profit, but in the main without obtaining at all satisfactory results. The free traders have stood bravely to their guns amid wide spread suffering, and continue to more than hold their own against all opposing factions. To oppose their policy is a signal for a volume of criticism from rostrum and press that few doubters care to face at present. The concentrated pressure of foreign competition and constantly diminishing profits combine to gradually create a feeling of unrest that must sooner or later find expression in a demand for a "change" in the commercial policy of the country." *Of this I have no doubt.*

There is, of course, a deep anxiety manifested in this country for the early adoption of a lower tariff in the United States, and the solicitude shown in this respect proves how general is the belief here that English manufactures would be able to close many of our mills, if this course was adopted on our part. A leading article in the *Examiner and Times* commercial columns of the 6th of March last contained the following under the heading of "The Cotton Trade and its Critics:"

A few months ago a gentleman well known in East Lancashire for a thorough and complete knowledge of cotton manufacture and its machinery, made an extended tour through all those parts of the United States where this industry is carried on. He visited scores of mills, and the result of his observations may be summed up in the brief statement made to us that if the United States were to abolish the duty on cotton goods, we should shut up every one of their cotton mills in less than two years. This statement was based upon the remarkable difference that he found in the general capacity of management, the general inferiority of machinery, and the altogether different lines of economy under which their factory system is conducted as compared with ours.

The refreshing frankness of this declaration is delightful. To American capitalists who are now aiding to extend our manufactures this will be interesting reading. All that is necessary for us to be swept from the field is to allow English manufactures free entry to our markets. This, it is held, will benefit English manufactures and ruin American industries.

To change our tariff in view of this state of things would be about as wise as would be the act of a man who ordered an head chopped off to cure the toothache.

Presidential Poetry.

If you would stir men's minds adame,
At the mere utterance of a name;
If you would reach their better part
And thrill the heart;
Shout, *Blaine!*
Of Maine!
And if you'd have the shout well done,
Link on the magic name of *Lincoln!*

If you would stir man's pockets round,
At the mere utterance of a sound,
If you would reach the business part
And thus find the heart,
Shout, *Arthur,*
Of New York!
And if the shout were not well done,
Link on the historic name of *Harrison!*

If you would wake, in conscience's name,
The better elements of a nation's fame,
If you would reach the Christian heart
And make the Mormon singer start
Shout, *Edmunds!*
Of Vermont!
And if you'd give slavery's twin deporter,
Link on the giant name of *Porter!*
[Not Fitz John, but the republican governor of Indiana.—ED.]

If you would wake the soldier's ire,
And recall the days of rebellious fire,
If you would reach the boys in blue
With hearts forever true,
Shout, *Logan!*
Of Illinois!
And if you would make the enemy pale,
Just add the name of *Eugene Hale!*

If you would play a sensible part,
In the great movement about to start,
Reserve your fire until the lines are drawn,
And then as millions in one,
Shout, *the ticket,*
The republican ticket, of course!
Whatever the names it may contain
Since the battle will be in Principle's name.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

AFTER polling the republican members of the Ohio legislature it was found that twenty-three of the fifty-six were for Sherman for president and "Bob." Lincoln for vice president, eleven favored Blaine and six were willing to take Arthur or any good man.

JOHN S. WISE, a rend juster congressman from Virginia, endorses warmly the proposition to end republican speakers into the south. He believes that a canvass of his state by prominent party orators would result in giving Virginia overwhelmingly to the republicans in November.

THE statement is made that if the democratic legislature of Ohio will have the courage to repeal the Scott law the liquor men agree to pay $300,000 towards the party's campaign fund. This would to only one-fourth the sum the saloon men pay in taxes this year if the law is allowed to stand.

THE democratic house of representatives has now been in session three months and all that has been done is embodied in a tariff bill that can never become a law and the minimum recommendation of the ways and means committee, that the barbed whisky bill stripe, that the barbed whisky bill swindle be adopted. These things have been done because the democratic party in congress have been misled. Let the representatives of the people come to their senses and endeavor to place the democratic party in the way of victory.—*Atlanta Constitution,* (dem.)

Ramsdell on The Porter Case.

H. J. Ramsdell, the well known and thoroughly well posted Washington correspondent, writes as follows of the Fitz John Porter case:

The principal subject of discussion during the week has been the Fitz John Porter case. Practically he has been restored to his disgrace, so far as Congress can relieve him, for both houses have passed bills restoring him to the army. But there is still much to be done in his case. The house passed a bill in Porter's favor. It went to the senate; the senate passed it with an amendment. The bill has now to go back to the house for concurrence in the senate amendment. Of course it must take its turn in the house. There are to-day over a hundred senate bills on the speaker's table. There are two ways by which the bill can be reached during this session. One is by unanimous consent, which consent is impossible; the other is by a suspension of the rules, which requires a two-thirds vote, also impossible.

Yet, supposing all this was done, General Porter has still difficulties in his way. The bill authorizes the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to restore Porter, etc. But it should be observed that it does not require the president to do this and that a vote of the senate must again be had, even should the President nominate Porter. Still another difficulty in Porter's way is the possibility that the president may veto the bill when the house passes it, if it ever does pass it. In any way of the case Porter must still wait.

I do not believe in Porter, and I never have believed in him, but who can help admiring his wonderful patience and perseverance? It will be remembered that he first appealed to Mr. Lincoln. What was the result? The careful nature of that great man, and his determination to do no man injustice, induced him to go into Fitz John Porter's case. Afterwards he wrote to a friend as follows: "I have read every word of the testimony of the Fitz John Porter case, and I tell you he is guilty and ought to be hung."

Next Porter appealed to President Andy Johnson, without result. Then came General Grant, with his eight years in the white house. I happen to know that many meetings of the cabinet were devoted to the Porter case. The position of Belknap, then secretary of war, was a strong one, as I thought. He said, in cabinet meeting, that he would be in favor of opening the case and giving Porter a new trial if it could be so arranged that the accused could be hung if found guilty. General Grant, while president, twice decided against Porter. Now, as a private citizen, he is in Porter's favor. Some points arise here. Ought a president on two occasions to decide upon an important matter on inadequate evidence? Then, should a man, after leaving the presidential office and becoming a private citizen, opit upon his record as president? For my part I think a man in the presidential chair should be more careful than a private citizen in his judgments. I know in this city a man who was as gallant an officer as ever drew a sabre. He was always in his place in battle, and was absolutely fearless. He happened to get drunk—a thing no man should do. He was court martialed and dismissed, and ever since he has been trying to get reinstated, but unsuccessfully. Had he disobeyed Meade at Gettysburg and not marched to the front promptly, kept his command some miles from the battlefield, on account of the bad roads, then the present congress would not hesitate to restore him—out of gratitude.

THERE is darker of a split in Georgia between the white and the colored republicans. The former are in favor of Arthur's renomination, while the latter want to see Lincoln or Blaine head the national ticket. A division in the state convention may result, and two delegations go to Chicago.

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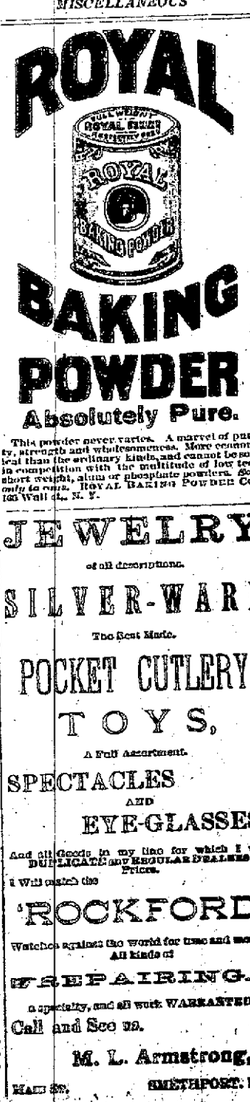

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McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., March 21, 1884.

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S Auerbach 7 75

J Hookey 7 75

Smith Brothers 15 75

C Jamison 15 75

H C Christenson 15 75

D O'Donnell 15 75

Tapply Wagner 7 75

Thompson & Wood 15 75

F W Davis 7 75

H Freudenberg 7 75

Stevens & Co 15 75

P A Grant 15 75

L Ramy Jr & Co 22 75

D Whitehouse 7 75

J K Merriam 15 75

Goodman & Marks 22 75

Chas F Gauthier 7 75

John Scott 15 75

H F Cook 7 75

Weaver Bros, 10 Main street 7 75

John Healy 7 75

A S Stewart 7 75

John H Whitmarsh 15 75

D D Tuthill 22 75

A J Salisbury 7 75

Mrs F Calves 15 75

Freeman & Brow 15 75

Miss S Morrison 7 75

C L Bradberry 7 75

Mrs A Bedford 7 75

H Burton 7 75

Z Hamm & Co 7 75

D T Neely 7 75

Kimber & Co 15 75

Weaver Bros, 39 Main street 7 75

Barnett Manufacturing Co Limited 30 75

L E Caldwell & Co 30 75

Stevenson Bros 7 75

G H Crapsie 7 75

Goodsaler Bros 7 75

J A Webb 7 75

J S Fisher & Co 7 75

H S Swan 7 75

L J Stiffins 7 75

J C Hughes 7 75

Avery & Blackney 15 75

C E Hamilton 7 75

L Lauber 7 75

Gilbert Reid 7 75

Hallowell & Hart 7 75

Bradford Bed Co 7 75

D Wright & Co 15 75

McElroy Bros 7 75

Samuel D Nye 7 75

G G Bissell 7 75

Schlesinger 7 75

W C Davis 7 75

D D Hall 7 75

W A Lewis & Co 7 75

John Kenna 7 75

Snow & Woodard 7 75

T Hallahan 7 75

Singer Manufacturing Co 7 75

C W Harrington 7 75

F Nusbaum 22 75

Guthe & Walker 15 75

F Z Neal 7 75

A T Stone & Co 7 75

J C Hatch 7 75

J F Leonard 7 75

F C Dieckmann 7 75

A J Smith 7 75

Neil Elliott 7 75

Morrow & Chambers 7 75

Terrell Gem 30 75

W G Hoffgreen & Co 15 75

C Whalebby 7 75

Frank Hall 7 75

H J Gross 7 75

H H Bishop 7 75

D Stransky 7 75

Isaac Nussbaum 7 75

A T Herrington 7 75

A L Smith 7 75

Miller Brothers 30 75

A S Taylor 15 75

F N Merriam 7 75

Kinzua & Co Dam 7 75

J W Price 7 75

Young & Chamberlain 7 75

C H Haywood 7 75

J C Hubbard 7 75

H L Watson 7 75

S Frankenthal 7 75

N G Gottlieb 7 75

George A Simmons 7 75

W Shoppardy 7 75

D Evans 7 75

Sylvester & McCourt 7 75

Mrs E J Murphy 7 75

M E Donahoe 7 75

C H Gillespie 7 75

C A Bailey 7 75

J M Mullaney 30 75

Carr & Bole 7 75

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

J T Simmons 30 75

J T Johnson, Jr Est 30 75

C D Angell 30 75

C H Cushing 30 75

C H Baker 30 75

BILLIARDS.

M Allen, two tables 30 75

J P Abbottstaro tables 60 75

H S Pierce, three tables 30 75

A Myer & Co, seven tables 30 75

W Bacon, four tables 30 75

M Richardson, two tables 30 75

Ingham Brothers, three tables 30 75

W T McCarthy, four tables 30 75

M M Reed, three tables 30 75

Olney Cass, four tables 30 75

Peter Olson, four tables 30 75

Thomas C Eddy, six tables 30 75

KENDALL MERIDIAN.

G H Keeler 7 75

J D Berry & Co 7 75

E W Evans 7 75

H Keller & Co 15 75

I Kanealter 7 75

T H Gilmore 7 75

Flynn Brothers 7 75

J Bowen 7 75

J Hannahs & Co 7 75

LEGAL.

C Gray 7 75

L Bond & 7 75

Mayer Brothers 7 75

O'Connell & 7 75

N L Fish 7 75

A Lackey 7 75

Wilson & Emerson 7 75

L Keating & Co 15 75

Mrs E W Gilmour 7 75

O'Hara & Co 15 75

Mitchell Brothers 15 75

F E Haines 7 75

W Hankin 7 75

A Haggerty 7 75

John Reed 7 75

Holden Brothers 15 75

Jane Graves 15 75

H Peterson 7 75

G Dolamp 7 75

RICHARDS.

Maxwell & Gould, three tables 30 75

CERES TOWNSHIP.

CERES.

J F Cook 7 75

N H Raymond 7 75

O F Cole 7 75

RED ROCK TOWNSHIP.

LARRABEE.

W H Hodson 7 75

W H Cavell 7 75

BILLIARDS.

F J Vickery, two tables 22 75

KEATING TOWNSHIP.

A Cohn 7 75

Lemere & Brown 7 75

H G Keller 7 75

W Davies & Co 10 75

Dunne 7 75

T J Lewis 7 75

Joseph & Dernberg 7 75

W B Archibald 7 75

L Funk 7 75

W A Stone 7 75

H Applebee 7 75

C Crandall 7 75

A B Bowley 7 75

J C Welch 7 75

C Y White 7 75

L L Jewell 7 75

G L Cantwell 7 75

Gaynes Brothers 10 75

A T Hanley & Son 7 75

S C Wolcott 15 75

T C Fitzgerald 7 75

Oil Well Supply Co., Limited 7 75

BILLIARDS.

Wm. Dunlavey, three tables 30 75

D W Cline, two tables 15 75

G Barton, two tables 15 75

KEATING MILLS.

Allegany Lumber Co., Limited 7 75

H D Bull 7 75

EASTWELL.

Doyle & Sons 7 75

FOSTER TOWNSHIP.

DALLAS CITY.

L Smithland 7 75

Diamel Brothers 7 75

SAWYER CITY.

Williams & Nitbery 7 75

J C Hand 7 75

BILLIARDS.

S H Wheaton, two tables 40 75

RED ROCK.

Wm Sloan 7 75

E T Wyckoff 7 75

GUILFORD.

G W Leroy 7 75

E N Harrell 7 75

Vogan & Brothers 7 75

J Anderson 7 75

Mrs J H Lamb 7 75

BILLIARDS.

George Cass, two tables 40 75

DERRICK CITY.

Oil Well Supply Co., Limited 7 75

Wm Sloan 7 75

G Walker 7 75

W E Nichols & Co 7 75

MOUNT JEWETT.

James Manufacturing Co 7 75

NEW CITY.

Sickney & Young 7 75

H N Smith 7 75

S F Salgey, Dry Goods 7 75

S F Salgey, Groceries 7 75

A Spencer 7 75

T B Murray 7 75

W F Sinclair 7 75

BILLIARDS.

George J Seager, two tables 40 75

A F Smith, two tables 40 75

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP.

LYDLOW.

J G Curtis 7 75

L D Hoffman & Co 7 75

HAMLIN TOWNSHIP.

MOUNT JEWETT.

Augustus McCandlis 7 75

N D Easterson 7 75

KEATING TOWNSHIP.

OUTSIDE BOROUGH.

A C Agnastrom 7 75

D C Young 10 75

J C Hamlin 7 75

M L Armstrong 7 75

G W Williams 7 75

W Dunlap 7 75

Crummell Brothers 7 75

H W Cahen 7 75

D McCoy 7 75

M A Sprague 7 75

C N Crane 7 75

Rev S H Woodbury 7 75

W T Cillis 7 75

John Ramsay 7 75

Rev W D Nash 7 75

H L Wilson 7 75

John Tracy 7 75

Speedy & Saine 7 75

L W Mason 7 75

C L Douglass 7 75

Lewis Carson 7 75

Wells Z Georgia 7 75

Hazlett & Bartlett 7 75

BILLIARDS.

C S King, five tables 75 75

S J Rockwell, two tables 40 75

EAST SMETHPORT.

O D Bush 7 75

J M Tracy 7 75

DAVIS CITY.

Lyons & Range 10 75

Oil Well Supply Co., Limited 7 75

Pitzpatrick & Slason 7 75

D B Thomas 7 75

H C Wells 7 75

J M Irvin 7 75

W S Belknap 7 75

BILLIARDS.

Tom. Moran, two tables 40 75

FERMINE.

T B Pritchett 7 75

FARMERS VALLEY.

Philip Prisbee 7 75

F C Cook 7 75

H W Bishop 7 75

Swain School House 7 75

CORNPLANT.

C M Ells & Co 7 75

W A Saylor 7 75

M Wilson 7 75

SCHOOLS.

John A Stevens 7 75

T E Lewis, agent 7 75

E H Donahoe 7 45

E Smith 7 75

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP.

Timothy Sullivan 7 75

T J Campbell 7 75

LAFAYETTE CORNERS.

H W Monroe 15 75

ALTON.

W H Wingate 7 75

J S Purse 7 75

S C Phelps & Co 7 75

J W Remore 15 75

BILLIARDS.

Mike McNulty, two tables 40 75

Lewis J Payne, two tables 40 75

RITCHVILLE.

S L Keener 7 75

BIG BEAUTY.

R G Wells 15 75

Riddle & Glenn 7 75

I W Dawson 7 75

Wm Thompson 7 75

Oil Well Supply Co., Limited 7 75

LEWIS RUN.

A L Wright 7 75

LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.

PORT ALLEGANY.

Edwin Hamlen 7 75

Holmes & Hartshorn 7 75

L H Bailey 7 75

C A Lauraboe 7 75

Gaffey & Camp 7 75

Thomas McDowell 7 75

H A Littlebridge 10 75

Dalrymple, Reed & Co. 7 75

Hanlon Brothers 7 75

Shaw & Williams 7 75

D C Gaffey 7 75

G L Blackman 7 75

A P Reed & Co. 7 75

T D Day 7 75

O E Cobbingham 7 75

Root & Keeling 7 75

C A Bailey 7 75

BILLIARDS.

M A Littlebridge, two tables 40 75

S W Chandler, two tables 40 75

Lemon & Walsh, two tables 40 75

BOWLING ALLEY.

M A Littlebridge, one alley 30 75

LIBERTY.

J C Barnes 7 75

WRIGHTS.

H K Gardner 7 75

LEGAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT

CITY.

Anderson & Clapp 7 75

GENERAL.

C S Hamilton & Son 7 75

OIL TOWNSHIP.

BRICK CENTRE HOUSE.

J C Clark 7 75

Emmett Brothers 7 75

L S Irby 7 75

George Fisher 7 75

George Hancock 7 75

J D Cornelius 7 75

Burke & Mills 7 75

Appleby & Rogers 7 75

W G Noble 7 75

J B McElwaine 7 75

G A Williams 7 75

Eugene McElwaine 7 75

L A Gottschall 7 75

Henry Williams 7 75

BILLIARDS.

H Mothersill, three tables 30 75

C T Walsh, three tables 30 75

J V Brown, two tables 40 75

METCALF.

C H Applebee 7 75

Nast Brothers 7 75

H Krohn 7 75

H Winthey 7 75

James Lose 7 75

John Ousel 7 75

Jones Dodge & Co 10 75

Saph & Kennedy 7 75

A F Titus 7 75

C A Mather 7 75

BILLIARDS.

Frank Dana, three tables 30 75

GERMANY CITY.

J W Fifield 7 75

Potts Ross 7 75

A Norton 7 75

W G Lose 7 75

Jarrell Manufacturing Co 10 75

Thomas Vidal 7 75

BILLIARDS.

N B Hastings, two tables 40 75

NEDGEAST TOWNSHIP.

RUNNING WELL.

Henry Schimmelfeng 7 75

CLERMONT.

J E Townsend 10 75

Joseph Williams 10 75

Lawrence Bayer 10 75

WETMORE TOWNSHIP.

HAMLIN.

W B Smith 7 75

James Hyde 7 75

O D Coleman 7 75

C V Gillis 7 75

John Gerdy 7 75

John Fleming 7 75

Hughes & Jones 7 75

James McDade 7 75

Griffith & Lay 7 75

Joshua Davis 7 75

L M Johnson 7 75

O G Kelly 7 75

J A Follmer 7 75

W H Barton 7 75

Charles Myers 7 75

BILLIARDS.

Seigen Young, two tables 40 75

H G Shumaker, one table 20 75

BARBOURS.

Sergeant Lumber Co 7 75

TAKE NOTICE,

ALL who are concerned in this Appraisement, that an

APPEAL

will be held at the TREASURER'S OFFICE, SMETHPORT, PA.

APRIL 8th, 1884,

between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., when and where you may attend if you think proper.

J. B. DUNTLEY,
Mercantile Appraiser,
Smethport, Pa.

Large plaids and small checks will be equally fashionable in the early spring.

Home Items.

All your own fault if you remain sick when you can get Hop Bitters that never Fail.

—The weakest woman, smallest child, and sickest invalid can use hop bitters with safety and great good.

—Old men tottering around from rheumatism, kidney trouble or any weakness will be almost new by using hop bitters.

—My wife and daughter were made healthy by the use of hop bitters and I recommend them to my people.—Methodist Clergyman.

Ask any good doctor if hop bitters are not the best family medicine on earth.

—Malarial fever, ague or biliousness, will leave every neighborhood as soon as hop bitters arrives.

—My mother drove paralysis and neuralgia all out of her system with hop bitters.—Ed. Oswego Sun.

—Keep the kidneys healthy with hop bitters and you need not fear sickness.

—Ice water is rendered harmless and more refreshing and reviving with hop bitters in each draught.

—The vigor of youth for the aged and infirm in hop bitters.

—At the change of life nothing equals hop bitters to allay all trouble incident thereto.

—The best periodical for ladies to take monthly and from which they will receive the greatest benefit is hop bitters.

—Mothers with sickly, fretful, nursing children, will cure the children and benefit themselves by taking hop bitters daily.

—Thousands die annually from some form of kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of hop bitters.

—Indigestion, weak stomach, irregularities of the bowels, cannot exist when hop bitters are used.

A timely use of hop bitters will keep a whole family in robust health a year at a little cost.

—To produce real genuine sleep and child-like repose all night, take a little hop bitters on retiring.

—That indigestion or stomach gas at night, preventing sleep and rest, will disappear by using hop bitters.

—Paralytic, nervous, tremulous old ladies are made perfectly quiet and sprightly by using hop bitters.

Do You Value

Your horses and cattle? Attention to their health is as necessary to their regular food. If your horse is suffering from epizootic, ringbone, spavin, sprained leg, fever in the feet, strains, bruises, or cuts, or your cow has caked bag, sore teats, or bad blood, your colt, will save many hundreds of dollars by using Parmelee's Universal Liniment, and using it freely for any or all of these troubles, and so bring your stock into a healthful and valuable condition. It is the best liniment also for family use. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The girls don't seem to be taking much advantage of their leap year privileges.

The renowned Dr. Clendenning says one-third of all his dissections showed signs of Heart Disease; if you have it Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator, $1 per bottle at druggists.

Wild geese are being shot on the Susquehanna river.

Ask your druggist for Barcama. It will do all that is claimed for it, and is warranted to give satisfaction.

E. H. Thompson, Titusville, Pa.

We have had twenty-five snows this winter so far.

BEATEN BY WIND AND RAIN.

Sailors on the Sea and Laborers on the Land—Help for the Laggard Watch.

"There is no telling the force of the wind; and the height and rush of the sea when simply opposing. When Cornish, the sailor savant, said by-the-same token, some years after fanning the main-royal, we were wet through and half dead from the hard fall and the weariness," who relating the incidents of an Arctic cyclone, also nearly all the other incidents of the Arctic ship in back to escape punishment.

Mechanics who labor upon lofty buildings, carpenters, shores, engineers, and all who labor at high altitudes, and that many be called a day he suffered from the giddiness, their numbers are a more largely recruited by accident and decrease to any other class. Painters, house painters, sea... of No. 2 Madison street, Chicago, over a pipe and assures them that to your system you can safely use Hop Bitters. Yes, I can safely vouch for you yet—thirty-five, cheerfully and the kind of work I do tells on a fellow's looks and constitution and health. Hop Bitters is a medicine which over-work and effort cannot down with over-work and effort. I had to do so doing my work myself, and just as soon as I got to using my bitters I was as well as ever—and why? I thought I was going to be sick, but I was not. I was racked with a cough, and was troubled with a cold, and was troubled with rheumatism. But I took PARKER'S BALSAM and it cured me. Those three words tell the whole story. Take it in season—not when you are sick—but in the beginning of your cold, cough or rheumatism, and you will be saved from suffering. It is positively the best remedy in the world for all diseases of the throat, lungs and blood. Price 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Manufactured by Hop Bitters Co., Chemists, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

40 grains in a bottle, small as Homeopathic pellets and as easy to take as sugar. We mean Shedd's Little Sandusky Pills.

"I UNDERSTAND the value of time," says the watchmaker.

Get rid of your cold at once by using Shedd's Excelsior Cough Syrup. A sure cure for all pulmonary and lung diseases. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Now is the time to trim grape vines, trees and shrubbery.

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment, for hard and feverish hoofs. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son. Price 35 cts.

Colds and sickness are the results of changeable weather and want of care.

Tonic Laxative Horse Powders; the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder in the market; put up in tin cans. Price 25cts. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son.

Some sections of the state were treated to a thunder storm on Sunday.

$50 goes if Contarrine fails to help or cure the worst cases of colds, sneezings, sore throats or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son. Price 50 cts.

"To the pure all things are pure." How about our dirty streets and crossings?

Health first, riches afterward. All forms of Heart Disease including palpitation, rheumatism, spasms, bony formation, enlargement, or other derangements, nerve pains in left breast, &c., yield to the use of Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator. $1 per bottle at druggists.

The Gettysburg *Compiler* says Sheriff Plank will endeavor to secure the Franklin county gallows for the execution of Coyle.

From Col. C. H. Mackey, 32d Iowa Infantry: "I have derived more benefit from Ely's Cream Balm than anything else I have ever tried. I have now been using it for three months and am experiencing no trouble from Catarrh whatever. I have been a sufferer for twenty years."

C. H. Mackey, Sigourney, Ia.

A Word of Warning.

To all persons who are suffering from any disability arising from impurity of the blood, enquire of your druggist for Dennis' Blood Liver and Kidney Cure, which is universally approved and being more contracted—a half a teaspoon more or less, according to the age, or constitution of the patient. A half pint for $1. Sold by A. E. Armstrong.

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